

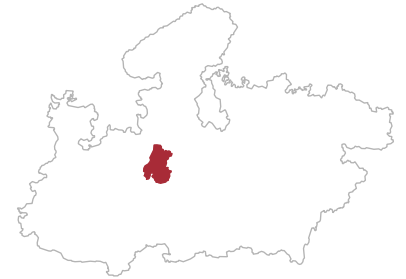
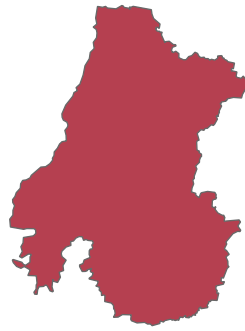
## Bhopal (GEN)

Madhya Pradesh

No. of Electors (2019): 21,42,861

### Intersecting Districts

Bhopal  
Sehore



## What this Factsheet Contains

This Factsheet is based on our interactive **NFHS Policy Tracker for Parliamentary Constituencies (PCs)**—part of our **India Policy Insights** initiative. It provides performance measures for 93 indicators and a side-by-side comparison with national and state averages for each PC. It also shows the net change between 2016 and 2021 for 86 indicators to highlight performance gains and losses. The Factsheet additionally lists the intersecting districts for each PC and links each indicator to a current GOI program, thereby readily providing a policy and program context for its meaningful use. See: <https://geographicinsights.iq.harvard.edu/nfhs-tracker-pc>

### Indicator Summary (2021)

Number of Indicators better than All-India average



Number of Indicators better than State average

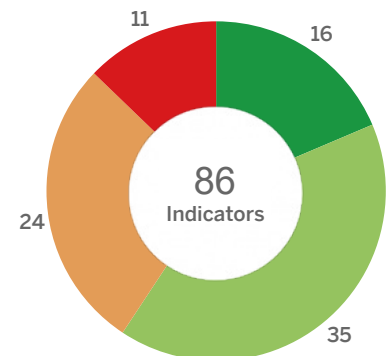


### Indicator Change Summary (Between 2016 and 2021)

Ranking based on Percentage of Indicators showing Any Improvement (out of 543 PCs)



● Highest Improvement | ● Improvement | ● Worsened | ● Extremely Worsened



#### Top 15 Indicators showing Improvement

- 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine
- Iron folic acid for 100 days
- Mothers received postnatal care
- Iron folic acid for 180 days
- Stunting
- Breastfed within one hour of birth
- Tobacco use (Men)
- Exclusive breastfeeding (within 6 months)
- Improved sanitation
- Current users ever told about side effects
- Any contraceptive method
- Health insurance coverage
- Vitamin A dose in the last 6 months
- Full vaccination
- Anemia (All women)

#### Top 15 Indicators showing Worsening

- Children with diarrhoea who received zinc Very high (>160 mg/dl) (Women)
- Interaction of health worker
- Mild blood pressure (Men)
- Mild blood pressure (Women)
- Postnatal check by skilled health workers
- Children with fever or ARI taken to health facility
- Children with diarrhoea who received ORS
- High or very high or taking medicine (Women)
- At least 4 antenatal care visits
- BMI below normal (Women)
- Moderate or severe blood pressure (Women)
- Receiving solid/semi-solid food (6-8 months)
- Anemia (Children)
- High or very high or taking medicine (Men)

For more details, see the complete listing of Improving or Worsening Indicators (pp. 2-4).

Indicator %	Government of India Programs	India 2021	State 2021	PC 2021	PC Change 2021-2016	
<b>Population and Household Profile</b>						
Health insurance coverage	PMJAY, PMSBY, AABY	41	38	<b>42.3</b>	12.2	●
Birth registration	RBDA	89.1	94.1	<b>95.7</b>	2.4	●
Female school attendance	RTE, NEP, SSA, KGBV, DGAG, NSIG, SVSGC, BBBP, SWAYAM	71.8	67.4	<b>76.1</b>	1.7	●
Improved sanitation	SBM	70.2	65.1	<b>79.5</b>	17.2	●
Improved water	JJM, ABY, Amrit sarovar, Jaldoot, PMAY-G, SBM-G	95.9	89	<b>95.4</b>	1.4	●
Population in household with electricity	Saubhagya, DDUGJY, KUSUM, Ujjwala-DISCOM, IPDS, SCM, JNNURM, WISTS, NSM, PMAY-U, JNNURM, AMRUT, MPLADS	96.8	98.4	<b>99.3</b>	0.5	●
Clean fuel for cooking	PMUY	58.6	40	<b>64.3</b>	-1.5	●
Iodized salt	NIDDCP, Fortification	94.3	95.3	<b>97.9</b>	-0.4	●
Population below 15 years	RKSK, RBSK	26.5	26.5	<b>25.6</b>	-1.4	●
Death registration	RBDA, MDSR	70.8	74.2	<b>77.1</b>		
<b>Characteristics of Women</b>						
Literate women	NILP	71.5	68.8	<b>72.7</b>	-0.7	●
10 or more years of schooling (Women)	RUSA, ATL, RAA, DIKSHA, NEP	41	29.3	<b>36.6</b>	-2.7	●
<b>Marriage and Fertility</b>						
Third or higher order birth	ESB, HDC, MPV, MTP, NPP	26.5		<b>22.7</b>	-4.3	●
Child marriage (Women)	PCM	23.3	23.1	<b>17.7</b>	-1	●
Menstrual hygiene	SPMH, AFHC, AHS, PEP, RKSK, SBM-G	77.6	60.5	<b>66.9</b>	3.4	●
Adolescent pregnancy	POCSO, MTP	6.8	5.1	<b>4.6</b>	0.9	●
<b>Current Use of Family Planning Methods</b>						
Any contraceptive method	NPP, MPV, NRHM, FPIS, ECS, RPF-PPIUCD, Antara, ESB, HDC	66.7	71.7	<b>65.8</b>	13.2	●
Any modern method	NPP, MPV, NRHM, FPIS, ECS, RPF-PPIUCD, Antara, ESB, HDC	56.4	65.5	<b>61.4</b>	10.9	●
Condom	NPP, MPV, HDC, NRHM	9.5	8.1	<b>12.7</b>	2.1	●
Female sterilization	MPV, FPIS, NRHM	37.9	51.9	<b>37.7</b>	3.4	●
IUD/PPIUD	NPP, MPV, RPF-PPIUCD, NRHM	2.1	1	<b>0.9</b>	0.3	●
Pill	NPP, MPV, Chayya, Mala-N, NRHM	5.4	1.9	<b>2.2</b>	0.7	●
Male sterilization	MPV, NSV, FPIS, NRHM	0.3	0.7	<b>0.3</b>	-0.1	●
Injectables	NPP, MPV, Antara, NRHM	0.6	0.4	<b>0.3</b>		
<b>Unmet Need for Family Planning</b>						
Total unmet need	NPP, MPV, RPF-PPIUCD, Antara, ESB, HDC, NRHM, FPIS, ECS	9.4	7.7	<b>11.3</b>	-4	●
Unmet need for spacing	NPP, MPV, ESB, NRHM, FPIS, ECS, RPF-PPIUCD, Antara, HDC	4	3.8	<b>4.8</b>	-1.1	●
<b>Quality of Family Planning Services</b>						
Current users ever told about side effects	NPP, MPV, NRHM	62.4	69.9	<b>68.6</b>	14.1	●
Interaction of health worker	MPV, NRHM, ESB, JSSK	23.9	28.2	<b>24.1</b>	-10.8	●
<b>Maternal and Child Health</b>						
Iron folic acid for 100 days	AMB, POSHAN, NAP, WIFSP, RBSK, TBSY	44.1	51.4	<b>55.5</b>	24.2	●
Iron folic acid for 180 days	AMB, POSHAN, NAP, WIFSP, RBSK, TBSY	26	31.8	<b>33</b>	19.1	●

Indicator %	Government of India Programs	India 2021	State 2021	PC 2021	PC Change 2021-2016	
Mothers received postnatal care	PMSMA, PMMVY, MCC, JSSK	78	83.5	<b>84.6</b>	22.8	●
Last birth protected against neonatal tetanus	PMMVY, PMSMA, SMA, ICDS, JSSK, LQI	92	95	<b>97.1</b>	0.6	●
Mother and Child Protection card received	None	95.9	96.6	<b>98.2</b>	0.7	●
Antenatal check-up in the first trimester	PMSMA, PMMVY, JSSK	70	75.4	<b>72.8</b>	-0.2	●
At least 4 antenatal care visits	PMSMA, PMMVY, JSSK	58.5	57.5	<b>51.1</b>	-4.7	●
Postnatal check by skilled health workers	JSSK, SMA, MCC, ICDS, NSSK	11.5	83.9	<b>7.7</b>	-6	●
<b>Delivery Care</b>						
Births by skilled health personnel	JSY, JSSK, LQI, HBNC	89.4	89.3	<b>92.3</b>	2	●
Caesarean section delivery	JSY, JSSK, LQI	21.5	12.1	<b>14.7</b>	-0.5	●
Caesarean section in private sector	JSY, JSSK, LQI	47.5	52.3	<b>43.9</b>	-0.9	●
In public facility	JSY, JSSK, LQI, PMMVY, PMSMA, MCC	61.9	80.2	<b>79.8</b>	7.3	●
Institutional births	JSY, JSSK, LQI, PMMVY, PMSMA, MCC	88.6	90.7	<b>96.7</b>	3.1	●
Caesarean section in public sector	JSY, JSSK, LQI	14.3	8.2	<b>10.4</b>	2.5	●
Home delivery by skilled health personnel	BMBP, HBNC, SMB, PMMVY, ICDS-ANM	3.2	2.5	<b>0.6</b>	-0.7	●
<b>Child Vaccinations and Vit A Supplements</b>						
3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine	IMI	83.9	85	<b>84.3</b>	25.3	●
Vitamin A dose in the last 6 months	NVAPP	71.2	78	<b>73</b>	11.9	●
3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine	IMI	86.7	87.4	<b>89.7</b>	4.3	●
3 doses of polio vaccine	IMI, PPP	80.5	81.4	<b>76</b>	7.3	●
Full vaccination	IMI, PPP	76.6	77.1	<b>73.7</b>	11.7	●
First dose of measles-containing vaccine	IMI	87.9	88	<b>88.9</b>	0	●
Full vaccination (Source from card only)	IMI, PPP	74.3	83.3	<b>85.5</b>	-0.1	●
3 doses of rotavirus vaccine	IMI	36.4	70.9	<b>68.8</b>		
Second dose of measles-containing vaccine	IMI	58.6	35.2	<b>68.5</b>		
<b>Treatment of Childhood Diseases</b>						
Prevalence of diarrhoea	RBSK, IDCF	7.3	6.4	<b>4.8</b>	-2.2	●
Children with diarrhoea taken to health facility	RBSK, IDCF	76.2	65.6	<b>75.5</b>	-0.6	●
Children with fever or ARI taken to health facility	NTEP, RBSK, SANPS	69	64.3	<b>71.2</b>	-5.8	●
Prevalence of ARI	NTEP, RBSK, SANPS, RM-ARI	2.8	2.6	<b>1.2</b>	0.4	●
Children with diarrhoea who received ORS	RBSK, IDCF	60.6	65.2	<b>59.8</b>	-5.2	●
Children with diarrhoea who received zinc	RBSK, IDCF	30.5	35.5	<b>19.5</b>	-19.2	●
<b>Child Feeding and Nutritional Status</b>						
Breastfed within one hour of birth	MAA, LMC, JSSK	41.8	41.3	<b>40.5</b>	18.8	●
Exclusive breastfeeding (within 6 months)	MAA, LMC	63.7	74	<b>73.6</b>	17.3	●
Overweight	POSHAN	3.4	2	<b>1.9</b>	-1.3	●
Stunting	POSHAN, ICDS, AK, NRC, RBSK, BPKK	35.5	35.7	<b>24.4</b>	-18.8	●